



Rice

ASEAN paddy production in 2014 (crop year 2013/14) was estimated at 214.61 million tons, which is a small decrease from 2013. The decline on production was caused by the decrease in planted area especially in 2 dominant producing countries, Indonesia and Thailand. In 2014, the damage from natural disasters mainly from flood and drought has continually caused great impact on planted area around 1 million hectares. Paddy production of ASEAN in 2015 (crop year 2014/15) is forecast to be 215.18 million tons, a slightly increase from 2014. The regional increase in paddy production comes from all countries except Thailand.

Maize

The maize production for the whole ASEAN in 2014 (crop year 2013/14) was estimated to 40.23 million tons, an increase of 0.65 million tons or about 2 percent as compared to 39.57 million tons in 2013. The increase has occurred in every country except Thailand due to the reduction in planted area. In 2015, maize production in the ASEAN is forecast to be 42.18 million tons, an increase of about 5 percent from the previous year. Every country is forecast to increase in its production especially Indonesia, the biggest maize producer of ASEAN, is forecast to rise a lot in its planted area.

Sugar

In 2014 (crop year 2013/14), sugarcane production in ASEAN was increased to 177.54 million tons, up about 4.64 million tons which is about 3 percent from 2013. The most increased production in terms of percentage growth has increased sharply in Lao PDR which about 30 percent came from the expansion of planted area due to the increase in demand from sugar factory. The production in the ASEAN in 2015 is forecast up to 181.46 million tons. The expansion of the production has occurred in the region is mainly due to the increase in Thailand and the Philippines.

Soybean

ASEAN soybeans production in 2014 (crop year 2013/14) was 1.53 million tons, up around 0.12 million tons or about 9 percent from 2013. The country which the harvested area has increased significantly is Indonesia, ranking number one in the region. Nonetheless, Indonesia has the biggest damaged area in 2014 which 5,290 hectares or 65 percent of the whole damaged area of ASEAN was reported. The damage was mainly caused by the flood. In 2015, the harvested area is forecast to be 0.97 million hectares, a decrease of 47.97 thousand hectares. Indonesia and Thailand are forecast to have a reduction in harvested area. Therefore, the decline of soybean production in the whole ASEAN is expected to down about 3 percent.

Cassava

Cassava (root fresh) in ASEAN in 2014 (crop year 2013/14) was 76.53 million tons, an increase of about 1 percent from the previous year. The estimated production of all counties in the region, except Lao PDR, Myanmar and Thailand, has increased. The production in 2015 (crop year 2014/15) is forecast to be 80.83 million tons which about 6 percent is rose. The increase in production is forecast in every country except Lao PDR. The most increased production is found in Indonesia.